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**Investigation** of Critical Phenomena with Precision Density Measurements **in Liquid Helium near the Lambda Transition** WEN JIANG, DONALD STRAYER, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91109-8099, NAI-CHANG YEH, NILS ASPLUND, 114-36 Condensed Matter Physics, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91125<sup>1</sup>-- We demonstrate how precision measurements can improve the resolution of experimentally determined critical exponents and relevant coefficients near phase transitions. Using a high-Q ( $10^{10}$ ) microwave cavity together with high-resolution (one part in  $10^6$ ) thermometry (HRT) and high-resolution frequency read-out (to one part in  $10^{13}$ ) techniques, we have estimated the precision achievable in the density measurement in helium near the lambda transition ( $T_\lambda$ ). With a density resolution of one part in 1010, we evaluate the resolution in the critical exponent  $\alpha$  and the amplitude coefficients of the thermal expansion coefficient  $\beta_1$  near  $T_\lambda$ . We conclude that improvements can be made with our precision density measurements. Furthermore, the accuracy of  $\alpha$  and the leading amplitude coefficient can be improved by restricting the data analysis to the critical region determined by the Ginzberg criterion. Preliminary experimental results using a high-Q niobium cavity will be presented.

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